Financial Statements June 30, 2022



Table of Contents

Section		Page
1	List of Elected and Appointed Officials	1 – 1
2	Independent Auditors' Report	2 – 1
3	Management's Discussion and Analysis	3 – 1
4	Basic Financial Statements	
	Government-wide Financial Statements	
	Statement of Net Position	4 – 1
	Statement of Activities	4 – 3
	Fund Financial Statements	
	Governmental Funds	
	Balance Sheet	4 - 4
	Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Position of	
	Governmental Activities	4 – 6
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	4 – 7
	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	4 – 9
	in rund balances of Governmental runds to the Statement of Activities	4-9
	Proprietary Funds	
	Statement of Net Position	4 – 10
	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	4 – 12
	Statement of Cash Flows	4 – 14
	Fiduciary Funds	
	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	4 – 16
	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	4 – 17
	Notes to the Financial Statements	4 – 18

Section	1	Page
5	Required Supplementary Information	
	Budgetary Comparison Schedule	
	General Fund	5 – 1
	Major Street Fund	5 – 5
	American Rescue Plan Act Fund	5 – 6
	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - MERS	5 – 7
	Schedule of Employer Contributions - Pension - MERS	5 – 8
	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios - Fire Department	5 – 9
	Schedule of Employer Contributions - Pension - Fire Department	5 – 10
	Schedule of Investment Returns - Pension - Fire Department	5 – 11
	Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	5 – 12
	Schedule of Employer Contributions - OPEB	5 – 13
6	Other Supplementary Information	
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
	Combining Balance Sheet	6 – 1
	Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	6 - 3

City of Clawson List of Elected and Appointed Officials June 30, 2022

Council

Paula Millan - Mayor

Glenn Shepard

Bruce Anderson

Louis Samson

Other Officers and Officials

August Gitschlag - Clerk

Jennifer Tomlinson – Interim Treasurer

Joseph Rheker - City Manager

Kelly Rau - Finance Director



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Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Clawson Clawson, MI

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Clawson, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Clawson as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Clawson, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Correction of an Error

As described in Note 16 to the financial statements, the beginning fund balance of the General Fund and beginning net position of the governmental activities was restated to correct an error. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Clawson's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit
 procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness the City of Clawson's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Clawson's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.



Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, municipal employee's retirement system schedules, fire department retirement system schedules and OPEB schedules, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Clawson's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us. In our opinion, based on our audit, the other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Auburn Hills, MI

December 14, 2022

As management of the *City of Clawson, Michigan*, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the accompanying basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Clawson's Governmental Activities were exceeded by its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$6,742,686 -deficit in net position-while Business Type Activities had net position of \$11,980,289.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Clawson's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$7,538,052, an increase of \$515,975 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 59 percent of this amount, \$4,466,922 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unrestricted fund balance).
- The City of Clawson's total contractual and bonded debt decreased by \$2,304,328 during the current fiscal year, as a result of annual debt service payments.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Clawson's basic financial statements. The City of Clawson's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the assets and deferred outflows compared to the liabilities and deferred inflows reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned, but unused, leave time).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Clawson that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Clawson include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City of Clawson include the water and sewer system and senior citizen housing.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Clawson itself (*known* as the primary government), but also a legally separate downtown development authority for which the City of Clawson is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on beginning on page 4-1 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Clawson, like other state and local governments, used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Clawson can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows* of spendable resources, as well as on balances of *spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Clawson maintains 11 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the General Fund, the G.O. bond debt service fund, and the Pension bond debt service fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated

presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the annual appropriated budget.

Proprietary funds. The City of Clawson maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government wide financial statements. The City of Clawson used enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer system and for its senior citizen housing. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Clawson's various functions. The City of Clawson uses an internal service fund to account for its fleet of vehicles. Because both of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the *government-wide financial* statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer system and for senior citizen housing, the first of which is considered to be a major fund of the City of Clawson.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City of Clawson's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City of Clawson's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and other postemployment benefits to its employees. This information can be found beginning on page 5-7 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with the non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on beginning on page 6-1 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Clawson, the combined net position was \$5,237,603 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City of Clawson's net position \$20,998,718 reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, vehicles, office equipment, furniture, and other equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City of Clawson used these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City of Clawson's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay these debts must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	To	tal
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Current & other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 9,916,620 27,301,649 37,218,269	\$ 8,352,981 28,577,919 36,930,900	\$ 9,999,107 6,265,657 16,264,764	\$ 9,744,794 6,449,875 16,194,669	\$ 19,915,727 33,567,306 53,483,033	\$ 18,097,775 35,027,794 53,125,569
Deferred outflows						
of resources	680,982	300,836			680,982	300,836
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities Total liabilities	39,245,693 2,502,578 41,748,271	45,511,239 932,091 46,443,330	3,934,360 350,115 4,284,475	4,982,016 314,538 5,296,554	43,180,053 2,852,693 46,032,746	50,493,255 1,246,629 51,739,884
Deferred inflows of resources	2,893,665	2,194,366			2,893,665	2,194,366
Net position Net investment in capital assets	11,594,897	11,069,358	9,403,821	9,227,462	20,998,718	20,296,820
Restricted	1,908,733	1,537,082	-	-	1,908,733	1,537,082
Unrestricted (deficit)	(20,246,315)	(24,012,400)	2,576,468	1,670,653	(17,669,847)	(22,341,747)
Total net position	\$ (6,742,685)	<u>\$(11,405,960)</u>	\$ 11,980,289	\$ 10,898,115	\$ 5,237,604	\$ (507,845)

Prior year balances were not restated in the above presentation.

During the current fiscal year, net position increased by \$5,745,449, as compared to an decrease in net position of \$2,625,427 in the prior year.

Governmental Activities

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Tc	otal
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Program revenues:		-				
Charges for services	\$ 1,109,798	\$ 1,249,189	\$ 5,156,304	\$ 5,164,852	\$ 6,266,102	\$ 6,414,041
Operating grants and contributions	1,555,661	2,105,760	14,932	15,416	1,570,593	2,121,176
Capital grants and contributions	-	5,038	-	1,525	-	6,563
General revenues:						
Property taxes	9,356,114	8,866,382	411,288	657,423	9,767,402	9,523,805
State shared revenue	1,423,110	1,314,666	-	-	1,423,110	1,314,666
Investment earnings	-	-	6,975	12,541	6,975	12,541
Miscellaneous	42,284	73,201	20,390	21,491	62,674	94,692
Total revenues	13,486,967	13,614,236	5,609,889	5,873,248	19,096,856	19,487,484
Expenses						
General government	1,368,672	1,492,677	-	-	1,368,672	1,492,677
Public safety	2,836,411	3,597,146	-	-	2,836,411	3,597,146
Public works	2,877,660	4,082,883	-	-	2,877,660	4,082,883
Health and welfare	63,674	62,258	-	-	63,674	62,258
Community and economic					-	-
development	139,031	145,071	-	-	139,031	145,071
Recreation and cultural	1,054,701	989,025	-	-	1,054,701	989,025
Interest on long-term debt:	1,107,216	1,213,539	-	-	1,107,216	1,213,539
Water and sewer	-	-	4,134,251	4,670,800	4,134,251	4,670,800
Senior housing			48,652	57,852	48,652	57,852
Total expenses	9,447,365	11,582,599	4,182,903	4,728,652	13,630,268	16,311,251
Change in net position before						
transfers	4,039,602	2,031,637	1,426,986	1,144,596	5,466,588	3,176,233
Transfers	344,812	345,300	(344,812)	(345,300)		
Change in net position	4,384,414	2,376,937	1,082,174	799,296	5,466,588	3,176,233
Prior period adjustment	263,261	983,833	-	(1,534,639)	263,261	(550,806)
Net position - beginning	(11,405,960)	(14,766,730)	10,898,115	11,633,458	(507,845)	(3,133,272)
Total net position	\$ (6,758,285)	\$(11,405,960)	\$ 11,980,289	\$ 10,898,115	\$ 5,222,004	\$ (507,845)
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Prior year balances were not restated in the above presentation.

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City of Clawson's net position by \$1,082,174, as compared to a \$735,343 decrease in the prior year.

Financial Analysis of Governments Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Clawson used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Clawson's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Clawson's financing requirements. In

particular, *unreserved fund* balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Clawson's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$7,538,052, an increase of \$515,975 over the prior year. The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Clawson. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$4,466,922, while total fund balance is \$4,490,780. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 58 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 58.6 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City of Clawson's general fund increased by \$410,877 during the current fiscal year.

Proprietary funds. The City of Clawson's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$2,373,078 and \$203,390 for the Senior Housing Fund. The Water and Sewer Fund increased net position by \$1,048,931 and the Senior Housing Fund had an increase in net position of \$33,243. Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Clawson's business type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During fiscal year 2022, the General Fund original budgeted revenues and expenditures remained unchanged in the final amended budgets. Only minor departmental adjustments were made during the fiscal year. Total expenditures in the General Fund came in over the total budgeted amount by \$47,668.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City of Clawson's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2022, amounts to \$33,567,306 in tangible assets, and \$6,026,273 in intangible assets. (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system improvements, vehicles, equipment, park facilities, intangible assets and streets. Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included a new equipment on police vehicles and the ongoing sidewalk construction project.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Clawson had total bonded and contractual debt outstanding of \$31,014,501. During fiscal year 2022, the City paid down \$3,231,309 of debt principal.

All of the City of Clawson's debt represents general obligation debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City of Clawson. Additional information on the City of Clawson's long-term debt can be found in Note 8, beginning on page 4-30 of this report.

State statutes (Article 7, Section II, Michigan Constitution of 1963) limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10 percent of its total state equalized valuation. The current debt limitation for the City is \$54,530,043 which is significantly higher than the City's outstanding general obligation debt.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Our combined operating millage rates will allow us to continue to provide the services that our residents have grown accustomed to. The Headlee Amendment rolls back our millage rate to act as an inflationary barrier, while our assessments are limited by state law to inflationary gains. It is unfortunate that the gains in home values only allow for a minor increase in property tax revenue due to the low rate of inflation. As home values continue to rise, we continue to see small increases in

property tax revenues. These small increases will only offset small increases in expenses.

Although our total debt burden remains high, we remain diligent in fixing the problems in Clawson that are long overdue for repair. We continue to get closer to the date that we will start to see some of this debt paid off which began in the fiscal year 2020. The tremendous support of this community remains the catalyst to fixing the problems that need fixing.

Within a solid financial forecast, we have been able to make annual increases in wages near the rate of inflation each year. A higher cost year for health care will make it difficult to increase wages in future years beyond the rate of inflation.. Our employees continue to take on additional costs for health care with high deductible plans and partial self-insurance. This has helped us tremendously in our annual budget while keeping the costs manageable to sustain us for the future. We will continue to adjust our health care plans to provide quality health care, while keeping the costs sustainable into the future for both our active and our eligible retired employees. The current state of the economy, which is higher inflation and the threat of a recession, will provide even more of a challenge in managing these costs.

The pension obligation bonds are pivotal to our next ten year forecast. We will continue to look for cost-saving ideas wherever possible. A big part of our current savings is from a 10% wage reduction by all of our full-time employees in 2011. In order to continue those savings, we plan to maintain a 36-hour work week, which continues to provide significant cost savings as it has over the past seven years.

We plan to continue in the 2022-2023 fiscal year our infrastructure improvements using both our annual receipts and some of our reserves. A Sidewalk Bond was approved by the voters in November of 2017. The increased cost of services and supplies will drive the infrastructure repairs.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Clawson's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions should be addressed to the Office of the City Manager, City of Clawson, 425 N. Main Street, Clawson, Michigan 48017-1555.

City of Clawson Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	rimary Governm	ent					
	Go	overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities)	Total	Co	omponent Unit
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,263,817	\$ 1,082,67	7 \$	5,346,494	\$	47,911
Investments		5,304,914	1,107,99	1	6,412,905		-
Receivables							
Customers		124,769	1,315,32	6	1,440,095		-
Special assessments		4,014	185,49	1	189,505		-
Due from other units of government		452,325	-		452,325		-
Internal balances		(277,078)	277,07	8	-		-
Inventories		11,244	-		11,244		-
Prepaid items		32,615	4,27	1	36,886		-
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization		-	6,026,27	3	6,026,273		-
Capital assets not being depreciated		724,103	54,02	8	778,131		-
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		26,577,546	6,211,62	9	32,789,175		
Total assets		37,218,269	16,264,76	<u>4</u>	53,483,033		47,911
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Deferred amount relating to net pension liability - MERS		134,898	-		134,898		-
Deferred amount relating to net pension liability - fire department		546,084			546,084		<u>-</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources		680,982	-		680,982		-

City of Clawson Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Activities Activities Total \$ 537,128 \$ 308,304 \$ 845,432 \$ 211,182 41,617 252,799 6,265 - 6,265 - 6,265 - 194 194 194 448,070 - 448,070 1,299,933 200,000 20,505 220,505 193,585 2,885,315 522,951 3,408,266 25,771,686 2,365,158 28,136,844 244,727 - 244,727 178,632 - 178,632 9,771,748 1,025,746 10,797,494 41,748,271 4,284,475 46,032,746 2,160,235 - 2,893,665 - 2,893,665 - 2,893,665 11,594,897 9,403,821 20,998,718 1,374,347 - 1,374,347 420,120 - 420,120 33,648 - 33,648 80,618 - 80,618						
	G		Вι		Total		Component Unit
Liabilities			·-		_		_
Accounts payable	\$	537,128	\$	308,304	\$ 845,432	\$	549
Accrued and other liabilities		211,182		41,617	252,799		527
Due to other units of government		6,265		-	6,265		-
Due to fiduciary fund		-		194	194		-
Deposits		448,070		-	448,070		-
Unearned revenue		1,299,933		-	1,299,933		-
Noncurrent liabilities							
Compensated absences due within one year		200,000		20,505	220,505		-
Compensated absences due in more than one year		193,585		-	193,585		-
Debt due within one year		2,885,315		522,951	3,408,266		-
Debt due in more than one year		25,771,686		2,365,158	28,136,844		-
Net pension liability - MERS		244,727		-	244,727		-
Net pension liability - fire department		178,632		-	178,632		-
Total OPEB liability		9,771,748		1,025,746	10,797,494		-
Total liabilities		41,748,271		4,284,475	46,032,746		1,076
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred amount relating to net pension liability - MERS		2,160,235		-	2,160,235		-
Deferred amount relating to net pension liability - fire department		733,430		-	733,430		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,893,665		-	2,893,665		-
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets		11.594.897		9.403.821	20.998.718		_
Restricted for		,		-,,			
Streets		1.374.347		_	1.374.347		_
Library				_			_
Refuse collection				_	•		_
Debt service		•		-	•		_
Unrestricted (deficit)		(20,246,315)		2,576,468	 (17,669,847)		46,835
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	(6,742,685)	\$	11,980,289	\$ 5,237,604	\$	46,835

City of Clawson Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Net (Expense) Revenue and Program Revenues Changes in Net Position														
						Operating		Capital		Pi	rim	ary Governme	nt			
		Expenses	_	Charges for Services		Grants and ontributions		Grants and ontributions		vernmental Activities	В	Susiness-type Activities	Total			omponent Unit
Functions/Programs																
Primary government																
Governmental activities	ው	4 200 070	Φ	700 747	φ	220 007	Φ		æ	(205 220)	Φ		Φ	(205, 220)	c	
General government Public safety	\$	1,368,672 2,836,411	\$	763,747 272,745	Þ	239,697 2,018	Þ	-	\$	(365,228) (2,561,648)	Ъ	-	\$	(365,228) (2,561,648)	Þ	-
Public safety Public works		2,830,411		18,704		1,287,633		-		(1,571,323)		-		(1,571,323)		-
Health and welfare		63,674		10,704		1,207,000		_		(63,674)		_		(63,674)		_
Community and economic		00,01								(00,07.1)				(00,01 1)		
development		139,031		-		-		-		(139,031)		-		(139,031)		-
Recreation and culture		1,054,701		54,602		26,313		-		(973,786)		-		(973,786)		-
Interest and fiscal charges on long-term debt		1,107,216		<u> </u>						(1,107,216)				(1,107,216)		<u> </u>
Total governmental activities		9,447,365		1,109,798		1,555,661				(6,781,906)		-		(6,781,906)		
Business-type activities																
Water and Sewer		4,134,251		5,064,409		14,932		-		-		945,090		945,090		-
Senior Citizen Housing		48,652		91,895		-		-		-		43,243		43,243		-
Total business-type activities		4,182,903		5,156,304		14,932		-		-		988,333		988,333		-
Total primary government	\$	13,630,268	\$	6,266,102	\$	1,570,593	\$			(6,781,906)		988,333		(5,793,573)		-
Component unit																
Downtown Development Authority	\$	202,534	\$	-	\$	32,200	\$									(170,334)
	Ge	neral revenue	es													
		Property taxes								9,356,114		411,288		9,767,402		151,579
				shared reven						1,423,110		=		1,423,110		-
				tment earning	S					-		6,975		6,975		41
		Sain on sale o		pital assets						15,600		-		15,600		-
		/liscellaneous								42,284		20,390		62,674		15,785
		insfers			-4	_				344,812 11,181,920	_	(344,812) 93,841	_	11,275,761	-	167 405
		•		nues and tran	siers	5										167,405
	Ch	ange in net po	ositio	on						4,400,014	_	1,082,174		5,482,188		(2,929)
	Ne	t position - be	ginn	ing of year					(11,405,960)		10,898,115		(507,845)		49,764
	Pri	or period adju	stme	ent						263,261				263,261		
	Ne	t position - be	ginn	ing of year, as	res	tated			(11,142,699)	_	10,898,115	_	(244,584)		49,764
	Ne	t position - en	d of	year					\$	(6,742,685)	\$	11,980,289	\$	5,237,604	\$	46,835

City of Clawson Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

			Special R	ever	nue Funds		Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor			Total
	 General		Major Street Fund		merican Rescue Plan Act Fund	G.O. Bond Debt Fund		Governmental Funds		G	overnmental Funds
Assets											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 769,616	\$	356,819	\$	1,244,776	\$	189,778	\$	1,613,887	\$	4,174,876
Investments	4,196,923		1,107,991		-		-		-		5,304,914
Receivables											
Customers	122,219		-		-		-		2,550		124,769
Special assessments	3,938		-		-		-		76		4,014
Due from other units of government	260,539		135,909		-		-		55,877		452,325
Inventories	-		11,244		-		-		-		11,244
Prepaid items	 23,858		5,126			_			1,999		30,983
Total assets	\$ 5,377,093	\$	1,617,089	\$	1,244,776	\$	189,778	\$	1,674,389	\$	10,103,125

City of Clawson Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

			Special R	evenı	ue Funds	De	bt Service Fund	e Nonmajor			Total
	 General	M	lajor Street Fund	American Rescue Plan Act Fund		G.O. Bond Debt Fund		Go	vernmental Funds	Gc	overnmental Funds
Liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$ 376,821	\$	43,078	\$	-	\$	-	\$	108,381	\$	528,280
Accrued and other liabilities	-		-		-		-		5,447		5,447
Due to other units of government	6,265		-		-		-		-		6,265
Advance from other funds	-		277,078		-		-		-		277,078
Deposits	448,070		-		-		-		-		448,070
Unearned revenue	 55,157		-		1,244,776		-		-		1,299,933
Total liabilities	 886,313		320,156		1,244,776				113,828		2,565,073
Fund Balances											
Non-spendable											
Inventories	-		11,244		-		-		-		11,244
Prepaid items	23,858		5,126		-		-		1,999		30,983
Restricted for											
Streets	-		1,280,563		-		-		321,002		1,601,565
Library	-		-		-		-		419,830		419,830
Refuse collection	-		-		-		-		33,648		33,648
Debt service	-		-		-		189,778		89,429		279,207
Capital projects	-		-		-		-		694,653		694,653
Unassigned	 4,466,922		-				-				4,466,922
Total fund balances	 4,490,780		1,296,933				189,778		1,560,561		7,538,052
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 5,377,093	\$	1,617,089	\$	1,244,776	\$	189,778	\$	1,674,389	\$	10,103,125

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2022

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	7,538,052
Total net position for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		25,878,240
Capital assets not being depreciated used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		724,103
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds. Accrued interest Compensated absences Claims and judgments		(198,589) (375,482) (150,596)
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources. Deferred inflows of resources resulting from net pension liability - MERS Deferred inflows of resources resulting from net pension liability - fire department Deferred outflows of resources resulting from net pension liability - MERS Deferred outflows of resources resulting from net pension liability - fire department		(2,160,235) (733,430) 134,898 546,084
Long-term liabilities applicable to governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Long-term debt, net of premiums and discounts Net pension liability - MERS Net pension liability - fire department Total OPEB liability		(28,332,562) (244,727) (178,632) (9,634,345)
Internal service funds are included as part of governmental activities.	_	444,536
Net position of governmental activities	\$	(6,742,685)

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Special	Revenue F	unds	_ D	ebt Service			
	 General	Major Street Fund	F	merican Rescue n Act Fund		Fund G.O. Bond Debt Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues									
Taxes	\$ 5,746,417	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,439,838	\$ 2,127,373	\$	9,313,628
Licenses and permits	471,303	-		-		-	-		471,303
Federal grants	-	-		-		-	2,797		2,797
State-shared revenue	1,423,110	887,5	06	-		-	376,734		2,687,350
Other state grants	119,496	-		-		31,832	116,333		267,661
Local contributions	97,088	-		-		-	5,263		102,351
Charges for services	315,436	-		-		-	18,763		334,199
Fines and forfeitures	215,141	-		-		-	1,696		216,837
Investment income (loss)	(70,523)	5,9	47	-		60	75		(64,441)
Rental income	48,557	-		-		-	-		48,557
Other revenue	 106,710						15		106,725
Total revenues	 8,472,735	893,4	53	-		1,471,730	2,649,049		13,486,967

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Special Revenue Funds			Debt Service						
						American		Fund		Nonmajor		Total
		General	Major Street Fund		F	Rescue Plan Act Fund		G.O. Bond Debt Fund	(Governmental Funds	G	overnmental Funds
Expenditures	_	Conorai		1 4114		Tarry tot 1 drid		Dobt i dila		. unac		- unac
Current												
General government	\$	1,357,714	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,357,714
Public safety		3,022,482		-		-		-		-		3,022,482
Public works		793,196		453,102		-		-		1,637,231		2,883,529
Health and welfare		80,788		-		-		-		-		80,788
Community and economic development		176,399		-		-		-		-		176,399
Recreation and culture		541,525		-		-		-		438,462		979,987
Other functions		1,115,690		-		-		-		-		1,115,690
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		237,024		237,024
Debt service												
Principal retirement		395,538		75,000		-		990,000		1,055,000		2,515,538
Interest and fiscal charges		75,940		18,479		-		431,881	_	633,195		1,159,495
Total expenditures	_	7,559,272		546,581		<u>-</u>		1,421,881	_	4,000,912		13,528,646
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over expenditures		913,463		346,872		-		49,849		(1,351,863)		(41,679)
Other financing sources (uses)												
Transfers in		10,000		-		-		_		1,296,042		1,306,042
Transfers out		(791,447)		(180,000)		-		_		(55,802)		(1,027,249)
Sale of capital assets		15,600		-		<u>-</u>		-				15,600
Total other financing sources and uses		(765,847)		(180,000)					_	1,240,240		294,393
Net change in fund balances	_	147,616		166,872		<u> </u>		49,849		(111,623)		252,714
Fund balances - beginning of year		4,079,903		1,130,061		-		139,929		1,672,184		7,022,077
Prior period adjustment	_	263,261		<u> </u>				<u> </u>				263,261
Fund balances - beginning of year (restated)		4,343,164		1,130,061		<u>-</u>		139,929	_	1,672,184		7,285,338
Fund balances - end of year	\$	4,490,780	\$	1,296,933	\$		\$	189,778	\$	1,560,561	\$	7,538,052

See Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 252,714
Total change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Depreciation expense Capital outlay	(1,523,950) 352,080
Expenses are recorded when incurred in the statement of activities. Accrued interest Compensated absences Claims and judgments	18,612 118,936 (82,166)
The statement of net position reports the net pension liability or asset and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to the net pension liability and pension expense. However, the amount recorded on the governmental funds equals actual pension contributions. Net change in net pension liability - MERS Net change in the deferred inflow of resources related to the net pension liability - MERS Net change in the deferred outflow of resources related to the net pension liability - MERS Net change in net pension liability - fire department Net change in the deferred inflow of resources related to the net pension liability - fire department Net change in the deferred outflow of resources related to the net pension liability - fire department	899,125 (1,393,449) 93,348 (892,950) 694,150 286,798
The statement of net position reports the total OPEB liability and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to the total OPEB liability and pension expense. However, the amount recorded on the governmental funds equals actual OPEB contributions. Net change in total OPEB liability	2,797,586
Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in the governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position. Repayments of long-term debt Amortization of premiums, discounts and similar items	2,515,538 47,502
Internal service funds are also included as governmental activities	216,140
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 4,400,014

City of Clawson Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds					
		ater and wer Fund	Nonmajor Senior Citizen Housing	_ S	Total	nternal vice Fund
Assets						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	888,122	\$ 194,55	5 \$	1,082,677	\$ 88,941
Investments		1,107,991	-		1,107,991	-
Receivables						
Customers		1,305,016	10,31	0	1,315,326	-
Special assessments, current		185,491	-		185,491	-
Prepaid items		4,271			4,271	 1,632
Total current assets		3,490,891	204,86	<u> 5</u>	3,695,756	 90,573
Noncurrent assets						
Advances to other funds		277,078	-		277,078	-
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization		6,026,273	-		6,026,273	-
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		6,052,141	159,48	8	6,211,629	699,306
Capital assets not being depreciated			54,02	<u>8</u> _	54,028	
Total noncurrent assets	1	2,355,492	213,51	<u>6</u> _	12,569,008	699,306
Total assets	1	5,846,383	418,38	1	16,264,764	789,879

City of Clawson Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds			
	Water and Sewer Fund	Nonmajor Senior Citizens Housing	Total	Internal Service Fund
Liabilities Current liabilities				
	¢ 207.570	\$ 725	\$ 308.304	\$ 8.848
Accounts payable Accrued and other liabilities	\$ 307,579 40,117	ў 725	\$ 308,304 40,117	\$ 8,848 7,146
Due to fiduciary fund	194	-	194	7,140
Current portion of noncurrent liabilities	543,456	_	543,456	46,492
Current portion of noncurrent habilities			343,430	40,432
Total current liabilities	891,346	725	892,071	62,486
Noncurrent liabilities				
Customer deposits payable	750	750	1,500	-
Compensated absences	-	-	-	18,103
Total OPEB liability	1,025,746	-	1,025,746	137,403
Long-term debt net of current portion	2,365,158		2,365,158	127,351
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,391,654	750	3,392,404	282,857
Total liabilities	4,283,000	1,475	4,284,475	345,343
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	9,190,305	213,516	9,403,821	525,463
Unrestricted (deficit)	2,373,078	203,390	2,576,468	(80,927)
Total net position	\$ 11,563,383	<u>\$ 416,906</u>	\$ 11,980,289	\$ 444,536

City of Clawson Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds			
	Water and Sewer Fund	Nonmajor Senior Citizens Housing	Total	Internal Service Fund
Operating revenue Customer fees Billings to other funds	\$ 5,064,409 -	9 \$ 1,075	\$ 5,065,484 -	\$ - 564,218
Rental income Other revenue	- 20,390	90,820	90,820 20,390	4,647
Total operating revenue	5,084,799	91,895	5,176,694	568,865
Operating expenses				
Water department	1,010,368	-	1,010,368	-
Sewer department	2,614,116	-	2,614,116	-
Senior citizens housing	-	31,708	31,708	-
Motor pool	-	-	-	286,429
Depreciation and amortization	424,537	7 16,944	441,481	118,480
Total operating expenses	4,049,02	48,652	4,097,673	404,909
Operating income	1,035,778	3 43,243	1,079,021	163,956

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds					
		Vater and ewer Fund	Senio	nmajor r Citizens ousing	Total	nternal vice Fund
Nonoperating revenue (expenses)						
Property taxes	\$	411,288	\$	-	\$,	\$ -
State grant		14,932		-	14,932	-
Interest income		6,975		-	6,975	-
Interest expense		(85,230)			(85,230)	(13,835)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		347,965		-	 347,965	(13,835)
Income before transfers		1,383,743		43,243	1,426,986	150,121
Transfers in Transfers out		(334,812)		(10,000)	 (344,812)	99,500 (33,481)
Change in net position		1,048,931		33,243	1,082,174	216,140
Net position - beginning of year		10,514,452		383,663	 10,898,115	228,396
Net position - end of year	\$	11,563,383	\$	416,906	\$ 11,980,289	\$ 444,536

City of Clawson Proprietary Funds

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds					
		ater and wer Fund	Nonmajor Senior Citizens Housing	_	Total	Internal Service Fund
Cash flows from operating activities						
Receipts from customers	\$	4,927,054	\$ 82,79	5 \$	5,009,849	\$ 4,647 564,218
Receipts from interfund users Receipts from other funds		- 194	-		- 194	504,210
Payments to other funds		-	-		-	(85,106)
Payments to suppliers		(3,209,887)	(30,98	3)	(3,240,870)	(322,129)
Payments to employees		(815,016)			(815,016)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		902,345	51,812	2	954,157	161,630
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities						
Transfer from other funds		-	-		-	99,500
Transfers to other funds		(334,812)	(10,000))	(344,812)	(33,481)
Advances from other funds		31,649	-		31,649	-
Property taxes		294,050	-		294,050	-
State grant	-	14,932			14,932	
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		5,819	(10,000)	(4,181)	66,019
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities						
Purchases/construction of capital assets		(5,462)	(7,400))	(12,862)	(14,080)
Principal and interest paid on long-term debt		(690,208)			(690,208)	(124,628)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(695,670)	(7,400) _	(703,070)	(138,708)

City of Clawson Proprietary Funds

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Enterprise Funds		
	Water and Sewer Fund	Nonmajor Senior Citizens Housing	Total	Internal Service Fund
Cash flows from investing activities Purchases of investments Interest received	\$ (205,546) 12,120	\$ - -	\$ (205,546) 12,120	\$ -
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	(193,426)		(193,426)	<u> </u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	19,068	34,412	53,480	88,941
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	869,054	160,143	1,029,197	_
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 888,122	<u>\$ 194,555</u>	\$ 1,082,677	\$ 88,941
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	\$ 1,035,778	\$ 43,243	\$ 1,079,021	\$ 163,956
from operating activities Depreciation and amortization expense Changes in assets and liabilities	424,537	16,944	441,481	118,480
Receivables (net) Prepaid items Accounts payable Accrued and other liabilities Due to other funds	(157,745) 7,401 27,907 6,951	(8,900) 725 - - -	(166,645) 8,126 27,907 6,951	- (780) (828) (15,331) (85,106)
Due to fiduciary fund Customer deposits payable Total OPEB liability Compensated absences	194 - (436,875) (5,803)	(200) - -	194 (200) (436,875) (5,803)	(36,864) 18,103
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 902,345	\$ 51,812	\$ 954,157	\$ 161,630

City of Clawson Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2022

	Pension Trust Fund		stodial und
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$	18,337
Investments	0.005.00		
Mutual funds	3,925,80	9	-
Due from other funds			194
Total assets	3,925,80	9	18,531
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	-		92
Due to other units of government			18,439
Total liabilities			18,531
Net Position			
Restricted for pensions	\$ 3,925,80	9 \$	

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Pension rust Fund	Custodial Fund
Additions Contributions Employer	\$	129,710	\$ -
Investment earnings Interest, dividends and other		(560,255)	-
Other Property tax collections for other governments		<u>-</u>	12,258,910
Total additions		(430,545)	12,258,910
Deductions Benefits paid to participants or beneficiaries Administrative expense Payments of property tax to other governments		240,525 60,304 -	- - 12,258,910
Total deductions		300,829	12,258,910
Change in net position		(731,374)	-
Net position - beginning of year		4,657,183	
Net position - end of year	<u>\$</u>	3,925,809	<u>\$ -</u>

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The City of Clawson operates under an elected Mayor and City Council, with a full-time City Manager appointed by this body to carry out the policies that it establishes. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component unit, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Although blended component units are legal separate entities, in substance, they are part of the government's operations. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government (see discussion below for description).

Discretely Presented Component Unit – The component unit column in the government-wide financial statements include the financial data of the City's Downtown Development Authority (DDA). This unit is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City. The members of the DDA Board are appointed by the City Council. The budgets and expenditures of the DDA must be approved by the City Council. The City also has the ability to significantly influence operations of the DDA. The annual operating budget and any modifications require approval of the City Council. The DDA does not issue any other form of financial statements except as contained in the June 30, 2022 annual financial statements.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. Government activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures

generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Major Street Fund accounts for the maintenance and improvement activities for streets designated as "major" within the City. Funding is primarily through state-shared gas and weight taxes.

The American Rescue Plan Act Grant Fund accounts for the federal revenues and expenditures of the grant.

The Unlimited Tax General Obligation Debt Service Fund (G.O. Bond Debt Fund) – used to account for taxes levied to pay street debt.

The government reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of the water distribution and sewage collection systems.

Additionally, the government reports the following:

The Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative requirements.

The Debt Service Funds account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of governmental activities principal, interest and related costs.

The Nonmajor Enterprise Fund account for the rental payments of the Senior Citizens Housing Fund.

Internal Service Fund accounts for major machinery and equipment purchases and maintenance provided to other departments of the government on a cost reimbursement basis.

Pension Trust Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for retirement payments to eligible employees.

Custodial Funds account for property tax and other deposits collected on behalf of other units and individuals.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water and Sewer Fund, Senior Citizens Housing Fund, and the internal service fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The government also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the Water and Sewer Fund, Senior Citizen Housing Fund, and the internal service fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Balances

Deposits and investments – Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market price or net asset value. Certificate of deposits are stated at cost which approximates fair value.

Receivables and payables – In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that is representative of a lending/borrowing arrangement outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown as net of allowance for uncollectible amounts. The City considers all accounts receivable to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible amounts is recorded. Property taxes are levied on each December 1st on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31st. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1st of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

The 2021 taxable valuation of the City totaled \$408,033,310, on which ad valorem taxes consisted of the following, exclusive of any Michigan Tax Tribunal or Board of Review adjustments:

	Millage	Am	ount of Levy
Operating	13.0524	\$	5,325,237
Refuse	2.6100		1,064,947
Library	1.1515		469,846
Voted Debt	4.9900		2,036,034
Drain/Sewer	1.0100		412,114

Inventories and prepaid items – Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed, although significant amounts of inventory are capitalized at year end.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years. For such payments in governmental funds the City follows the consumption method, and they therefore are capitalized as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital assets – Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in

excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if purchased or constructed.

The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations, the City values these capital assets at the estimated acquisition value of the item at the date of its donation.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	31 years
Infrastructure	30 to 50 years
Equipment	5 to 20 years
Vehicles	5 to 7 years

Deferred outflows of resources – A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The City may report deferred outflows of resources as a result of pension earnings. This amount is the result of a difference between what the plan expected to earn from plan investments and what is actually earned. This amount will be amortized over the next four years and included in pension expense. Changes in assumptions and experience differences relating to the net pension and OPEB liability or asset are deferred and amortized over the expected remaining services lives of the employees and retirees in the plan. The City also reported deferred outflows of resources for pension contributions made after the measurement date. This amount will reduce net pension liability in the following year.

Compensated absences – It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. The City accumulates sick pay at 50-55% of unused sick days based on union contracts and policy. All vacation and sick pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A

liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Long-term obligations – In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pensions – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability or asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position the retirement systems and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported to systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) – For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information has been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the

system. For this purpose, the system recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Deferred inflows of resources – A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. For governmental funds this includes unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. The City may report deferred inflows of resources as a result of pension earnings. This amount is the result of a difference between what the plan expected to earn from the plan investments and what the plan actually earned. This amount will be amortized over the next four years and included in pension expense. Changes in assumptions and experience differences relating to the net pension and OPEB liability or asset are deferred and amortized over the expected remaining services lives of the employees and retirees in the plan.

Fund Balances – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in the following categories:

Non-spendable – assets that are not available in a spendable form.

Restricted – amounts that are legally imposed or otherwise required by external parties to be used for a specific purpose.

Committed – amounts constrained on use imposed by the government's highest level of decision-making, its City Council. A fund balance commitment may be established, modified, or rescinded by a resolution of the City Council.

Assigned – amounts intended to be used for specific purposes, as determined by City Administration and are generally reviewed and approved by City Council. Residual amounts in governmental funds other than the general fund are automatically assigned by their nature.

Unassigned – all other resources; the remaining fund balances after non-spendable, restrictions, commitments and assignments.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the government's policy is to consider restricted funds spent first.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts could be used, the government's policy is to consider the funds to be spent in the following order: (1) committed, (2) assigned, (3) unassigned.

The City's fund balance policy states that the General Fund must have at least 10% of the General Fund budget as unassigned.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Upcoming Accounting and Reporting Changes

Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements* improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Some PPPs meet the definition of a service

concession arrangement (SCA), which the Board defines in this Statement as a PPP in which (1) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties; (2) the transferor determines or has the ability to modify or approve which services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services, and the prices or rates that can be charged for the services; and (3) the transferor is entitled to significant residual interest in the service utility of the underlying PPP asset at the end of the arrangement. This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). As defined in this Statement, an APA is an arrangement in which a government compensates an operator for services that may include designing, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating an underlying nonfinancial asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. This statement is effective for the year ending June 30, 2023.

Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, is based on the standards established in Statement No. 87 Leases. This statement (1) defines a SBITA as a contract that conveys control of the right to use a SBITA vendor's IT software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets, as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction (2) requires governments with SBITAs to recognize a right-to-use subscription asset, an intangible asset, and a corresponding subscription liability, and (3) provides guidance related to outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs, and requirements for note disclosures related to a SBITA. This statement is effective for the year ending June 30, 2023.

Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, improves the clarity of the accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections, which will result in greater consistency in application in practice. More understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent and comparable information will be provided to financial statement users for making decisions or assessing accountability. Additionally, the display and note

disclosure requirements will result in more consistent, decision useful, understandable and comprehensive information for users about accounting changes and error corrections. This statement is effective for the year ending June 30, 2024.

Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This statement is effective for the year ending June 30, 2025.

The City is evaluating the impact that the above GASB statements will have on its financial reporting.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

The government is subject to the budgetary control requirements of the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act (P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended by P.A. 621 of 1978).

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements:

- The City Charter requires two regular council meetings per month. By the second meeting in April, a proposed operating budget must be submitted to the City Council for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and means of financing them for the upcoming year.
- 2. A public hearing and adoption of the budget is required by the second meeting in May.
- 3. On or before June 15, the tax rate must be set and the budget is legally enacted through passage of a budget resolution (general appropriation act).

- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the General and Special Revenue Funds. Budgets for these funds are prepared and adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The General Fund and Special Revenue Fund budgets are adopted at the activity level.
- 5. Budget appropriations lapse at year end.
- 6. The City Council may authorize supplemental appropriations (budget amendments) during the year.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

	Appropriations		 Actual	Budget Variance		
General Fund						
Public works	\$	766,778	\$ 793,196	\$	26,418	
Community and economic						
development		165,575	176,399		10,824	
Capital outlay						
Debt service		366,790	471,478		104,688	

Fund Deficit

The City has an accumulated unrestricted net position deficit in the Motor Pool Fund in the amount of \$80,927 as of June 30, 2022. A deficit elimination plan is not required because current assets exceed current liabilities.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

At year end the City's deposits and investments were reported in the financial statements in the following categories:

Cach and

		Cash and				
		Cash				
	_E	Equivalents Investments		Total		
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	4,263,817 1,082,677	\$	5,304,914 1,107,991	\$	9,568,731 2,190,668
Total	-	5,346,494		6,412,905		11,759,399
Fiduciary funds		18,337		3,925,809		3,944,146
Component unit		47,911		-		47,911
Total	\$	5,412,742	\$	10,338,714	\$	15,751,456

The breakdown between deposits and investments is as follows:

		Primary	Fiduciary	Co	mponent	
	G	overnment	 Funds		Unit	Total
Bank deposits (checking and savings accounts, money markets and certificates of deposit)	\$	5,345,330	\$ 18,337	\$	47,761	\$ 5,411,428
Investments in securities, mutual funds and similar vehicles		6,412,905	3,925,809		-	10,338,714
Petty cash and cash on hand	\$	1,164 11,759,399	\$ - 3,944,146	\$	150 47,911	\$ 1,314 15,751,456

As of year end, the government had the following investments:

					Rating
Investment	C	arrying Value	Maturities	Rating	Organization
U.S. Government Bonds	\$	234.060	11/26/24	AA	S&P
U.S. Government Bonds	•	230,092	2/26/2026	AA	S&P
U.S. Government Bonds		409,090	2/25/31	AA	S&P
Oakland County Investment Program		5,539,663	<1 year	N/A	N/A
Mutual funds		3,925,809	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total investments	\$	10,338,714			

Interest rate risk – In accordance with its investment policy, the government manages its exposure to declines in fair values by generally limiting the maturities to one year, with exceptions.

Credit risk – State statutes and the government's investment policy authorize the government to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations which have an office in Michigan. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities and other obligations of the United States, or any agency or instrumentality of the United States. United States government or federal agency obligations; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptance of United States Banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or any of its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Concentration of credit risk – The government has no policy that would limit the amount that may be issued in any one issuer.

Custodial credit risk - deposits – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. As of year end, \$4,193,468 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial credit risk – investments – For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The following investment securities were uninsured and unregistered and held in the following manner:

_ Ca	arrying Value	How Held
		By counterparty in the
\$	873,242	Government's name
		By counterparty in the
	5,539,663	Government's name By counterparty in the
	3.925.809	Government's name
\$	10,338,714	
		5,539,663

Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022:

Investment Type	Level 1	Level 2		Level 2 Level 3			Total
U.S. Government Bonds	\$ -	\$	873,242	\$	-	\$	873,242
Mutual funds	3,925,809	_					3,925,809
	\$3,925,809	\$	873,242	\$		\$	4,799,051
Investments carried at net asset value Oakland County Investment Pool							5,539,663
Total investments						\$	10,338,714

- Mutual funds of \$3,925,809 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)
- U.S Government Bonds of \$873,242 are valued based on the risk-free yield curve (Level 2 inputs).

Investments in Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share

The City holds shares or interests in investment companies whereby the fair value of the investments is measured on a recurring basis using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment companies as a practical expedient.

At year end, the net asset value of the City's investment in the Oakland County Local Government Investment Pool was \$5,539,663. The Oakland County Local Government Investment Pool is not registered with the SEC and does not issue a separate report. The fair value of the position in the pool is not the same as the value of the pool shares since the pool does not meet the requirements under GASB 79 to report its value for financial reporting purposes at amortized cost. Financial statements for the Oakland County LGIP are included in Oakland County's financial statements and may be obtained from the website: www.oakgov.com.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital assets activity of the primary government for the current year is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated	Ф 704.400	•	Φ.	Ф 7 04400
Land	\$ 724,103	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ 724,103
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land improvements	4,360,118	326,790	-	4,686,908
Infrastructure	27,744,793	-	-	27,744,793
Buildings, additions and improvements	10,342,337	-	-	10,342,337
Machinery and equipment	2,461,546	8,936	-	2,470,482
Vehicles	4,995,043	30,434	455,173	4,570,304
Total capital assets being depreciated	49,903,837	366,160	455,173	49,814,824
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Land improvements	1,079,964	205,880	_	1,285,844
Infrastructure	8,846,509	795.867	_	9,642,376
Buildings, additions and improvements	6,948,735	344.931	_	7,293,666
Machinery and equipment	1,827,280	108,393	-	1,935,673
Vehicles	3,347,533	187,359	455,173	3,079,719
Total accumulated depreciation	22,050,021	1,642,430	455,173	23,237,278
Net capital assets being depreciated	27,853,816	(1,276,270)		26,577,546
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 28,577,919	\$ (1,276,270)	\$ -	\$ 27,301,649

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated	A 54000	•	•	5 54 000
Land	\$ 54,028	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 54,028
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land improvements	59,512	-	-	59,512
Infrastructure	11,527,766	-	-	11,527,766
Buildings, additions and improvements	522,585	7,400	-	529,985
Machinery and equipment	453,855	5,462		459,317
Total capital assets being depreciated	12,563,718	12,862		12,576,580
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Land improvements	49,901	1,623	-	51,524
Infrastructure	5,450,100	163,087	-	5,613,187
Buildings, additions and improvements	364,571	14,430	-	379,001
Machinery and equipment	303,299	17,940	-	321,239
Total accumulated depreciation	6,167,871	197,080		6,364,951
Net capital assets being depreciated	6,395,847	(184,218)		6,211,629
Business-type capital assets, net	\$ 6,449,875	\$ (184,218)	\$ -	\$ 6,265,657

Depreciation expense was charged t government as follows:	to programs of the primary
Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 216,411
Public safety	166,525
Public works	841,975
Recreation and culture	299,039
Capital assets held by the	
government's internal service	
funds are charged to the various functions based on their usage of	
the assets	118,480
Total governmental activities	1,642,430
· ·	
Business-type activities	
Water & Sewer	180,136
Senior Citizens Housing	16,944
Total business-type activities	197,080
Total primary government	<u>\$ 1,839,510</u>

Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amo	unt
Tax Collection Fund	Water & Sewer Fund	\$	194

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made.

Advances at year end are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
Water and Sewer Fund	Major Street Fund	\$ 277,078

The advance has an annual payment of \$37,824 through September 2029, which includes interest at 2 percent.

The details for interfund transfers are as follows:

Funds Transferred From	Funds Transferred To	 Amount
Major Street Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 180,000
Nonmajor governmental funds Nonmajor enterprise funds	Nonmajor governmental funds General Fund	55,802 10,000
Internal service funds	Nonmajor governmental funds	33,481
Water and Sewer Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	334,812
General Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	691,947
General Fund	Internal service funds	 99,500
		\$ 1,405,542

Transfers are used to move unrestricted General Fund revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies or matching funds for various grant programs. Major Street Fund transfers to nonmajor governmental funds to assist with costs related to local streets. Other transfers are to cover administrative costs or to cover a specific fund's share of the pension debt service.

Note 7 - Intangible Assets

The Oakland County Drain Commission has assessed the City for the benefit of utilizing the North Arm Relief Drain and the George W. Kuhn Drain. The total cost of the North Arm Relief Drain is \$14,830,305 of which \$2,718,357 (18.3%) is the City's portion. The total cost to date of the George W. Kuhn Drain is \$119,690,000 of which the City's portion is \$7,573,866 (6.32%). The drains are amortized over a period of 40 years beginning July 1, 2004.

North Arm Relief Drain	\$ 2,718,357
George W. Kuhn Drain	 7,573,866
Total	10,292,223
Less: accumulated amortization	 4,265,950
Net intangible assets	\$ 6,026,273

Note 8 - Long-Term Debt

The City issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital projects. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. Installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the City. Other long-term obligations include compensated absences and claims. Compensated absences are typically liquidated with funds from the General Fund, Major Streets Fund, Local Streets Fund, Library Fund, and Water and Sewer Fund. Claims are generally liquidated with funds from the General Fund.

Long-term obligation activity is summarized as follows:

			Interest	Principal						
	Amount of	Maturity	Rate	Maturity	Beginning			Ending	Due Within	
	Issue	Date	Ranges	Ranges	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year	
Governmental activities										
Bonds and notes payable										
General obligation bonds										
2010 Capital Improvement RZED	\$ 1,400,000	2030	3.16%	\$75,000 - \$95,000	\$ 755,000	\$ -	\$ 75,000	\$ 680,000	\$ 75,000	
2014 Refunding Bond	4,770,000	2030	4-5%	\$190,000 - \$1,120,000	3,795,000	-	185,000	3,610,000	190,000	
2014 Park Improvement Bonds	3,535,000	2034	3.5-5%	\$165,000 - \$265,000	2,700,000	-	160,000	2,540,000	165,000	
2016 General Obligation Bond	4,985,000	2026	4%	\$565,000 - \$640,000	2,950,000	-	540,000	2,410,000	565,000	
2017 Refunding Bond	4,075,000	2028	4%	\$280,000 - \$940,000	3,330,000	-	265,000	3,065,000	280,000	
2018 Limited Tax Obligation Bonds	14,340,000	2028	3.25-4.1%	\$755,000 - \$1,765,000	12,740,000	-	635,000	12,105,000	755,000	
2018 Transportation Bonds	775,000	2032	3%	\$75,000 - \$90,000	565,000	-	75,000	490,000	75,000	
2018 Unlimited Tax General Obligation Sidewalks	1,275,000	2028	3%	\$165,000 - \$180,000	1,015,000	-	160,000	855,000	165,000	
2021 Unlimited Tax General Obligation Sidewalks	835,000	2029	1.4%	\$100,000 - \$110,000	835,000		100,000	735,000	100,000	
Total bonds					28,685,000	-	2,195,000	26,490,000	2,370,000	
Notes from direct borrowings and direct placements										
2013 Installment Purchase Contract	2,659,819	2028	2.8%	\$186,063 - \$213,612	1,378,500	-	180,995	1,197,505	186,063	
2018 Fire Pumper Truck	574,959	2025	3.29%	\$84,662 - \$92,935	344,398	-	79,354	265,044	84,662	
2015 Installment Purchase	396,106	2022	0.00%	\$0	60,189	-	60,189	-	-	
Internal service fund obligations										
Notes from direct borrowings and direct placements										
2017 Motor Pool - Cannon Aerial Truck	173,000	2022	0.00%	\$0	36,502	-	36,502	-	-	
2020 Freightliner Dump Truck	186,888	2026	3.27%	\$25,871 - \$28,493	133,724	-	25,052	108,672	25,871	
Installment Purchase Vactor Jet	200,894	2022	0.00%	\$0	30,526	-	30,526	-	-	
2018 Motor Pool - Front Loader	140,041	2025	3.29%	\$20,621 - \$23,251	83,884		18,713	65,171	20,621	
Total internal service fund					284,636		110,793	173,843	46,492	
Total notes from direct borrowings and direct placements					2,067,723	-	431,331	1,636,392	317,217	
Plus deferred amounts										
For issuance premiums					427,515	-	47,502	380,013	47,502	
Total bonds and notes					31,180,238		2,673,833	28,506,405	2,734,719	
Claims					68,430	1,368,299	1,286,133	150,596	150,596	
Compensated absences					512,521	4,741	123,677	393,585	200,000	
Total governmental activities					\$ 31,761,189	\$ 1,373,040	\$ 4,083,643	\$ 29,050,586	\$ 3,085,315	
										

	Amount of Issue	Maturity Date	Interest Rate Ranges	Principal Maturity Ranges	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Business-type activities									
Bonds and notes payable									
General obligation bonds									
George Kuhn Drain Debt	\$ 7,011,512	2028	1.63-2.5%	\$5,258 - \$295,891	\$ 1,388,251	\$ -	\$ 449,978	\$ 938,273	\$ 367,951
Notes from direct borrowings and direct placements									
2012 State Revolving	3,289,836	2033	2.5%	\$155,000 - \$199,836	2,104,836		155,000	1,949,836	155,000
Total					3,493,087	-	604,978	2,888,109	522,951
Compensated absences					26,308	29,463	35,266	20,505	20,505
Total business-type activities					\$ 3,519,395	\$ 29,463	\$ 640,244	\$ 2,908,614	\$ 543,456

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above obligations are as follows:

aro ao ronowo.	•											
		Governmental Activities										
					Νc	otes from Di	rect l	Borrowings				
Year Ending		Po	nds		140	and Direct		J				
•	_		nus		_							
June 30,	Pr	rincipal		Interest	_	Principal		Interest				
2023	\$ 2	,370,000	\$	1,045,136	\$	317,217	\$	47,821				
2023		,570,000	Φ	957,872	Φ	326,736	Φ	38,302				
2024		,650,000		864,644		340,406		28,495				
				•		•		,				
2026		,840,000		767,548		230,627		18,391				
2027		,945,000		660,008		207,794		11,799				
2028-2032	12	,600,000		1,552,490		213,612		5,981				
2033-2034		515,000	_	28,274	_		_	-				
	\$ 26	,490,000	\$	5,875,972	\$	1,636,392	\$	150,789				
				5		A						
				Business-ty								
					No	otes from Dir	ect E	Borrowings				
Year Ending		Воі	nds			and Direct I	Place	ements				
June 30,	Pr	incipal		Interest		Principal		nterest				
2023	\$	367,951	\$	21,928	\$	155,000	\$	48,746				
2024		373,711		12,990		160,000		44,870				
2025		36,422		3,894		165,000		40,870				
2026		37,298		3,080		170,000		36,746				
2027		32,624		2,246		175,000		32,496				
2028-2032		90,267		2,184		925,000		95,602				
2033						199,836		4,996				

46,322

\$ 1,949,836 \$

938,273 \$

Note 9 - Net Investment in Capital Assets

The composition of net investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Capital assets		
Capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 724,103	\$ 54,028
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	26,577,546	6,211,629
Total capital assets	27,301,649	6,265,657
Intangible assets	_	6,026,273
mangible assets		0,020,270
Unspent bond proceeds	694,653	
Less related debt		
General obligation bonds	14,385,000	938,273
Notes from direct borrowing and direct placements	1,636,392	1,949,836
Unamortized bond premiums	380,013	=
Total related debt	16,401,405	2,888,109
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 11,594,897	\$ 9,403,821

Note 10 - Risk Management

The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The government has purchased commercial insurance for all claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

304,326

Note 11 - Self-Insurance

Effective January 1, 2014, the City terminated its traditional health and dental insurance coverage for substantially all of its employees and retirees, and implemented a self-insured plan administered by Blue Cross Blue Shield of Michigan. The plan has two levels of "stop loss" re-insurance coverage to help mitigate potential claims:

- \$40,000 maximum per employee per plan year.
- \$77,061 per month.

The following is a summary of the City's liabilities for claims incurred but not reported:

	В							
	Be	ginning of	Changes in	Claim Balance at				
	Year Estimates		Estimates	F	ayments	Y	ear End	
2021	\$	40,320	654,546	\$	626,436	\$	68,430	
2022		68,430	1,368,299		1,286,133		150,596	

Note 12 - Employee Retirement and Benefit Systems

Defined benefit pension plans

Summarized below are the aggregated amounts related to defined benefit plans:

				Deferred	Defe	rred		
Retirement	Ne	et Pension	Οι	ıtflows of	Inflov	vs of	-	Pension
System	Liability		ility Resource		Resources		Expense	
MERS	\$	244,727	\$	134,898	\$ (2,16	60,235)	\$	670,772
Fire Department		178,632		546,084	(73	33,430)		41,712
Total	\$	423,359	\$	680,982	\$ (2,89	<u>3,665</u>)	\$	712,484

Municipal Employees' Retirement System

Plan description – The government participates in the Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS), an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee defined benefit pension plan that covers all employees of the government. The plan was established by the Michigan Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a nine-member Retirement Board. The system provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to MERS at 1134 Municipal Way, Lansing, Michigan 48917 or on the web at http://www.mersofmich.com.

Benefits provided – Benefits provided include plans with multipliers ranging from 2.25-2.50%. The vesting period is 10 years. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at 50 or 55 with 15 to 25 years of service. Final average compensation is calculated based on 3 years. Member contributions range from 0-3.5%.

Employees covered by benefit terms – At the December 31, 2021 valuation date, the following employees were covered by benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	62
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	6
Active employees	<u>5</u>
	73

Contributions – The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by MERS Retirement Board. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer may establish contribution rates to be paid by its covered employees. All divisions are closed to new employees and had an annual employer contribution amount of \$269,796.

Net pension liability – The employer's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement include: 1) Inflation 2.5%; 2) Salary increases 3% in the long-term; 3) Investment rate of return of 7%, net of investment expense, including inflation.

Although no specific price inflation assumptions are needed for the valuation, the 3% long-term wage inflation assumption would be consistent with a price inflation of 2.5%.

Mortality rates used were based on the Pub-2010, PubG-2010, and PubNS-2010 Mortality Tables using scale MP-2019 from the Pub-2010 base year of 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates or arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target _Allocation_	Target Allocation Gross Rate Of Return	Long-Term Expected Gross Rate of Return	Inflation Assumption	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global equity	60.00%	7.75%	4.65%	2.50%	3.15%
Global fixed income	20.00%	3.75%	0.75%	2.50%	0.25%
Private investments	20.00%	9.75%	1.95%	2.50%	1.45%
	100.00%		7.35%		4.85%

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

Total Pension Liability	
Service cost	\$ 65,733
Interest on the total pension liability	1,808,195
Experience differences	33,911
Changes in assumptions	841,431
Other changes	87,292
Benefit payments and refunds	 (2,118,428)
Net change in total pension liability	718,134
Total pension liability - beginning	25,966,965
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 26,685,099
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Employer contributions	\$ 176,448
Employee contributions	15,432
Pension plan net investment income (loss)	3,582,752
Benefit payments and refunds	(2,118,428)
Pension plan administrative expense	(38,945)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	1,617,259
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 24,823,113
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 26,440,372
Net pension liability (a-b)	\$ 244,727
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	99.08%
Covered payroll	\$ 449,174
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	54.48%

calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the employer's net pension liability would be using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (6.25%) or 1% higher (8.25%) than the current rate.

	Current									
		1% Decrease		1% Increase						
Total pension liability	\$	29,388,856	\$	26,685,099	\$	24,404,430				
Fiduciary net position		26,440,372		26,440,372		26,440,372				
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	2,948,484	\$	244,727	\$	(2,035,942)				

Pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions – For the year ended June 30, 2022 the employer recognized pension expense of \$670,772. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Def Outf <u>Res</u>	Deferred Inflows of <u>Resources</u>	Total to Amortize	
Net difference between projected and actual earning on plan investments Contributions subsequent to the	\$	-	\$ (2,160,235)	\$ (2,160,235)
measurement date*	1	34,898		
Total	\$ 1	34,898	\$ (2,160,235)	\$ (2,160,235)

^{*}The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability for the year ending June 30, 2023.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the net pension liability of the employer,

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2023	\$ (359,344)
2024	(842,356)
2025	(587,670)
2026	(370,865)
	\$ (2,160,235)

Clawson Fire Department Defined Benefit Plan

Plan description – The Clawson Fire Department Pension Board administers the Clawson Fire Department Defined Benefit Plan (Plan), a single employer defined benefit pension plan that provides pensions for all paid on call fire fighters. Management of the Clawson Fire Department Defined Benefit Plan is vested in the Clawson Fire Department Pension Board which consists of 5 members.

Benefits provided – Benefits provided included retirement as well as death benefits. Pension benefits vest after 5 years of total service, for employees hired before July 1, 2009, and 10 years for all others. Employees who retire at age 55 are entitled to a monthly pension payable for life in an amount equal to \$45 multiplied by years of service. Death benefits are based on the present value of accrued benefits per participant and are provided regardless of years of service.

Employees covered by benefit terms – At the July 1, 2021 valuation date, the following employees were covered by benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	17
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	6
Active employees	26
	49

Contributions – The authority to amend contribution requirements rests with the Clawson Fire Department Pension Board. The Board establishes rates based on an actuarially determined contribution

recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined contribution is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2022 the City contributed \$129,710.

Net pension liability – The employer's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021.

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability in the July 1, 2021 annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement include: 1) Inflation 2.5%; 2) Investment rate of return of 7%, net of investment expense, including inflation. Mortality rates used were based on the PubS-2010 Mortality Tables using Scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study.

Investment policy – The Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Clawson Fire Department Pension Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Retirement System Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The Plans investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2022:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Domestic equity	50%
International equity	15%
Fixed income	35%
Total	100%

Rate of return – For the year ended June 30, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 28.7%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expenses, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The best estimates or arithmetic real rates of return is 7%.

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially

determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)		rate that is 1% point lower (current rate.	(5.88%) or 1%	higher (7.8	88%) than the
Total Pension Liability				Current	
Service cost	\$ 70,224	1%		count Rate	1% Increase
Interest on the total pension liability	272,498	Total pension liability \$	4,661,682 \$	4,104,441	\$ 3,650,656
Changes in assumptions	59,379	Fiduciary net position	3,925,809	3,925,809	3,925,809
Benefit payments and refunds Net change in total pension liability	(240,525) 161,576	Net pension liability (asset) \$	735,873 \$	178,632	\$ (275,153 <u>)</u>
	3,942,865	Pension expense and deferi			
Total pension liability - beginning		inflows of resources related to	•	•	
Total pension liability - ending (a)	<u>\$ 4,104,441</u>	2022 the employer recognize	•	•	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		employer reported deferred of to pensions from the following		nows of reso	ources related
Employer contributions	\$ 129,710		5 ()	5 ()	
Pension plan net investment income (loss)	(560,526)		Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of	Total to
Benefit payments and refunds	(240,525)		Resources	Resources	Amortize
Pension plan administrative expense	(60,033)	Differences in experience	\$ -	\$ (588,159)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(731,374)	Differences in assumptions Net difference between projected an	268,749	(145,271)	123,478
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	4,657,183	actual earning on plan investments		_	277,335
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 3,925,809			ф (722 420)	
		Total	<u>\$ 546,084</u>	\$ (733,430)	<u>\$ (187,346)</u>
Net pension liability (asset)(a-b)	\$ 178,632				
		Amounts reported as deferred			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		to pensions will be recognized	d in pension ex	pense as fol	lows:
of total pension liability	95.65%	.,	_		
Covered payroll	N/A	Year ended June 3	<u>0,</u>		4 (00 100)
Net pension liability (asset) as a		2023		,	\$ (28,492)
percentage of covered payroll	N/A	2024			(36,333)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 6.88%, as well as what the employer's net pension liability (asset) would be using a discount

	Current						
	19	1% Decrease Discount Rate			_19	% Increase	
Total pension liability	\$	4,661,682	\$	4,104,441	\$	3,650,656	
Fiduciary net position		3,925,809		3,925,809		3,925,809	
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	735,873	\$	178,632	\$	(275,153)	

	Οι	eferred utflows of esources	li	Deferred nflows of esources		Total to Amortize
Differences in experience Differences in assumptions Net difference between projected and	\$	- 268,749	\$	(588,159) (145,271)	\$	(588,159) 123,478
actual earning on plan investments		277,335		-	_	277,335
Total	\$	546,084	\$	(733,430)	\$	(187,346)

Year ended June 30,	
2023	\$ (28,492)
2024	(36,333)
2025	(55,197)
2026	122,060
2027	(54,050)
Thereafter	(135,334)
	\$ (187,346)

City of Clawson Employees Defined Contribution Plan

In April 1999, the City established a defined contribution plan for employees hired after July 1, 1999. The plan is administered by the Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System who sponsors the prototype plan. Amendments are developed by Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System and submitted to the City Council for approval. A defined contribution money purchase pension plan provides pension benefits in return for services rendered, provides an individual account for each participant, and specifies how contributions to the individual's account are to be determined instead of specifying the amount of benefits the individual is to receive. Under a defined contribution pension plan, the benefits a participant will receive depend solely on the amount contributed to the participant's account, the returns earned on investments of those contributions, and forfeitures of other participants' benefits that may be allocated to such participant's account. Contributions made by the City fully vest after 7 years.

The City is required to contribute an amount equal to 8% of the employee's gross earnings for the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees (AFSCME) union and 10% for all others. Employee contributions on a pretax basis are permitted but not required. The City will match up to 4% of the AFSCME union employee contributions and up to 3% for all others. During the year ending June 30, 2022 the City contributed \$311,385 and employees contributed \$82,580.

Note 13 - Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan description – The City of Clawson's Retiree Health Care Plan (OPEB Plan) is a single employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan that covers eligible retired employees of the City. The OPEB Plan, which is administered by the City, allows employees who retire and meet retirement eligibility requirements under one of the City's retirement plans to continue health insurance coverage as a participant in the City's plan.

Benefits provided – The City provides healthcare, including prescription drug benefits for retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided by a third-party insurer.

Employees covered by benefit terms – At June 30, 2021, the plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	59
Active employees	9
	68

The Plan is closed to new members.

Contributions – The City has no obligation to make contributions in advance but are being financed on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. Plan members are not required to contribute to the plan.

Total OPEB liability – The total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Inflation 2.50% Salary increases 3.00%

Healthcare cost trend rates 7.5% initial trend with an ultimate

trend of 4.5%

Mortality rates were based on the PubG-2010 Mortality tables using Scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study for public sector employees.

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.09%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. The plan has no dedicated assets. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Total OPEB Liability

Service cost	\$ 159,191
Interest	304,094
Changes in assumptions	(3,174,162)
Benefit payments	 (560,448)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(3,271,325)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	14,068,819
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 10,797,494

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (3.09%) or 1% higher (5.09%) than the current discount rate.

	Current							
	19	1% Decrease Discount Rate		_1	1% Increase			
		_		_		_		
Total OPEB liability	\$	12,292,388	\$	10,797,494	\$	9,584,032		

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower (3.5-6.5%) or 1% higher (5.5-8.5%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				Healthcare Cost Trend		
1% Decrease		Rates		_1	% Increase	
Total OPEB liability	\$	9,479,577	\$	10,797,494	\$	12,416,104

For the year ended June 30, 2022 the employer recognized OPEB expense of (\$2,707,877).

Defined Contribution Other Postemployment Benefits

The City provides retiree health care benefits to employees ineligible for the defined benefit plan through the Retiree Health Savings Plan and Voluntary Employees' Beneficiary Association (VEBA). MERS administers the Retiree Health Savings Plan and Total Administrative Services Corporation administers the VEBA plan. The City Council has authority over plan provisions and contribution requirements. The benefits are provided under labor contracts. The City contributed \$300 per quarter per full time employee for the Retiree Health Savings Plan and \$1,000 annually for the members of the VEBA. Employees can make voluntary contributions up to the limits set by the IRS.

During the year ended June 30, 2022 the City made contributions of \$85,250 and employees contributed \$80,059.

Note 14 - Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount,

if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Note 15 - Jointly Governed Organizations

Resource Recovery Authority

The City is a member of the Southeastern Oakland County Resource Recovery Authority (S.O.C.R.R.A.). The City appoints one member of the Authority's governing board, who then approves the annual budget. The board is made up of representatives from twelve member municipalities. These include Berkley, Beverly Hills, Birmingham, Clawson, Ferndale, Hazel Park, Huntington Woods, Lathrup Village, Oak Park, Pleasant Ridge, Royal Oak, and Troy. The City has a 4.54% participation in the Authority.

Water Authority

The City is a member of the Southeastern Oakland County Water Authority (S.O.C.W.A.). The City appoints one member to the Authority's governing board, who then approves the annual budget. The board is made up of representatives from eleven member municipalities. These include Berkley, Beverly Hills, Bingham Farms, Birmingham, Clawson, Huntington Woods, Lathrup Village, Pleasant Ridge, Royal Oak, Southfield and Southfield Township. The City has a 4.05% participation in the Authority. The debt of the Authority is being financed by water user fees.

Note 16 - Correction of an Error

The beginning fund balance of the General Fund and net position of the governmental activities was increased by \$263,261 as the result of the correction of an error, restating them from \$4,079,903 to \$4,343,164 and \$(11,405,960) to \$(11,142,699), respectively.

City of Clawson Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts				Actual /er (Under) Final
	Original	Final		Actual		Budget
Revenues						
Taxes						
Property taxes	\$ 5,577,330	\$ 5,527,330	\$	5,733,977	\$	206,647
Penalties and interest	26,000	13,000		12,440		(560)
Licenses and permits	649,000	486,200		471,303		(14,897)
Federal grants	1,169,560	-		-		-
State-shared revenue	1,198,220	1,460,326		1,423,110		(37,216)
State grants	178,760	123,760		119,496		(4,264)
Local contributions	15,000	5,000		97,088		92,088
Charges for services	369,000	348,900		315,436		(33,464)
Fines and forfeitures	135,500	139,820		215,141		75,321
Investment income (loss)	15,000	27,000		(70,523)		(97,523)
Rental income	57,400	46,450		48,557		2,107
Other revenue	17,700	112,782		106,710		(6,072)
Sale of capital assets	-	15,600		15,600		-
Transfers in	10,000	10,000		10,000		
Total revenues	9,418,470	8,316,168		8,498,335		182,167

City of Clawson Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Actual Over (Under) Final
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	Budget
Expenditures				
General government				
City Council	\$ 26,320	\$ 73,352	\$ 49,613	\$ (23,739)
Manager	1,355,370	240,515	241,781	1,266
Accounting	169,620	181,620	183,381	1,761
Clerk	199,530	232,442	227,236	(5,206)
Treasurer	160,390	203,345	192,046	(11,299)
Assessor	91,170	91,170	90,540	(630)
Elections	20,400	41,455	34,773	(6,682)
Buildings and grounds	243,500	248,300	182,541	(65,759)
Attorney	126,500	144,000	155,803	11,803
Total general government	2,392,800	1,456,199	1,357,714	(98,485)
Public safety				
Police	2,216,050	2,308,119	2,282,312	(25,807)
Fire department	334,040	346,290	330,264	(16,026)
Code enforcement	38,910	32,895	25,854	(7,041)
Building inspection department	494,560	399,760	384,052	(15,708)
Total public safety	3,083,560	3,087,064	3,022,482	(64,582)
Public works				
Department of public works	492,990	586,778	598,341	11,563
Street lighting	180,000	180,000	194,855	14,855
Total public works	672,990	766,778	793,196	26,418

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

	В	udgeted	l Amounts			O۱	Actual ver (Under) Final
	Orig	ginal	Final		Actual		Budget
Health and welfare							
Senior citizens	\$ 9	94,840	\$ 92,040	\$	80,788	\$	(11,252)
Youth programs	· 	6,200	6,200				(6,200)
Total health and welfare	10	01,040	98,240		80,788		(17,452)
Community and economic development							
Planning	10	02,750	165,575		176,399		10,824
Recreation and culture							
Parks	20	00,110	285,362		315,329		29,967
Recreation	28	33,080	233,080)	194,508		(38,572)
Historical	2	29,520	32,675		31,688		(987)
Total recreation and culture	51	12,710	551,117	·	541,525		(9,592)
Other functions							
Unallocated employee fringe benefits	1,34	46,900	1,067,075	,	1,091,831		24,756
Cable TV/internet	6	50,000	23,500)	21,182		(2,318)
Other	7	74,450	37,450		2,677		(34,773)
Total other functions	1,48	31,350	1,128,025		1,115,690		(12,335)

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

	Budgete	d Amounts		Actual Over (Under) Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Debt service				
Principal retirement	\$ 313,440	•	•	•
Interest and fiscal charges	53,350	53,350	75,940	22,590
Total debt service	366,790	366,790	471,478	104,688
Transfers out	704,400	791,447	791,447	
Total expenditures	9,418,390	8,411,235	8,350,719	(60,516)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	80	(95,067)	147,616	242,683
Fund balance - beginning of year	4,343,164	4,343,164	4,079,903	(263,261)
Prior period adjustment			263,261	263,261
Fund balance - beginning of year (restated)	4,343,164	4,343,164	4,343,164	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 4,343,244	\$ 4,248,097	\$ 4,490,780	\$ 242,683

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major Street Fund

	Budget	ed Amounts		Actual Over (Under) Final		
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	Budget		
Revenues State-shared revenue Interest income	\$ 898,790 1,000		\$ 887,506 5,947	\$ (11,284) 4,947		
Total revenues	899,790	899,790	893,453	(6,337)		
Expenditures Current Public works	609,990	608,961	453,102	(155,859)		
Debt service Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Transfers out	75,000 17,450 180,000	75,000 18,479	75,000 18,479 180,000	- - -		
Total expenditures	882,440	882,440	726,581	(155,859)		
Excess of revenues (deficiency) over expenditures	17,350	17,350	166,872	149,522		
Fund balance - beginning of year	1,130,061	1,130,061	1,130,061			
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 1,147,411	\$ 1,147,411	\$ 1,296,933	\$ 149,522		

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule American Rescue Plan Act Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Budgete iginal	ed Am	nounts Final		Actual		Actual ver (Under) Final Budget
Revenues Federal grants	<u>- 51</u> \$	-	\$	619,900	<u> </u>	- Totaai	\$	(619,900)
Expenditures	Ψ 		Ψ 	-	Ψ 	-	Ψ —	
Excess of revenues (deficiency) over expenditures		-		619,900		-		(619,900)
Fund balance - beginning of year						-		
Fund balance - end of year	\$		\$	619,900	\$	-	\$	(619,900)

Required Supplementary Information Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2022

Fiscal year ended June 30,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability								
Service cost	\$ 65,733	\$ 72,926	\$ 73,773	\$ 90,206	\$ 104,190	\$ 109,001	\$ 107,479	\$ 106,523
Interest on the total pension liability	1,808,195	1,846,563	1,866,209	1,893,357	1,879,102	1,873,467	1,891,026	1,003,855
Experience differences	33,911	208,856	-	-	-	-	-	-
Changes in assumptions	841,431	631,005	-	=	-	=	-	-
Other changes	87,292	-	1,085,384	(352,673)	117,426	(8,999)	389,584	878,835
Benefit payments and refunds	(2,118,428)	(2,105,597)	(2,005,774)	(1,918,263)	(1,912,789)	(1,888,485)	(1,895,586)	(1,881,714)
Net change in total pension liability	718,134	653,753	1,019,592	(287,373)	187,929	84,984	492,503	107,499
Total pension liability - beginning	25,966,965	25,313,212	24,293,620	24,580,993	24,393,064	24,308,080	23,815,577	23,708,078
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 26,685,099	\$ 25,966,965	\$ 25,313,212	\$ 24,293,620	\$ 24,580,993	\$ 24,393,064	\$ 24,308,080	\$ 23,815,577
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Employer contributions	\$ 176,448	\$ 81,078	\$ 82,013	\$ 15,036,005	\$ 1,536,516	\$ 1,389,816	\$ 1,288,242	\$ 1,213,709
Employee contributions	15,432	14,895	16,875	20,087	19,333	18,645	-	-
Pension plan net investment income (loss)	3,582,752	2,833,398	3,032,852	(1,019,795)	1,290,629	1,038,959	(145,734)	631,003
Benefit payments and refunds	(2,118,428)	(2,105,597)	(2,005,774)	(1,918,263)	(1,912,789)	(1,888,485)	(1,895,586)	(1,881,714)
Pension plan administrative expense	(38,945)	(46,874)	(52,196)	(34,773)	(20,456)	(20,539)	(21,638)	(23,024)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	1,617,259	776,900	1,073,770	12,083,261	913,233	538,396	(774,716)	(60,026)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	24,823,113	24,046,213	22,972,443	10,889,182	9,975,949	9,437,553	10,212,269	10,272,295
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 26,440,372	\$ 24,823,113	\$ 24,046,213	\$ 22,972,443	\$ 10,889,182	\$ 9,975,949	\$ 9,437,553	\$ 10,212,269
Net pension liability (a-b)	\$ 244,727	\$ 1,143,852	\$ 1,266,999	\$ 1,321,177	\$ 13,691,811	\$ 14,417,115	\$ 14,870,527	\$ 13,603,308
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	99.08%	95.59%	94.99%	94.56%	44.30%	40.90%	38.82%	42.88%
Covered payroll	\$ 449,174	\$ 554,210	\$ 605,344	\$ 743,002	\$ 862,154	\$ 918,970	\$ 903,385	\$ 894,050
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	54.48%	206.39%	209.30%	177.82%	1,588.09%	1,568.83%	1,646.09%	1,521.54%

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 and does not require retroactive implementation. Data will be added as information is available until 10 years of such data is available.

Required Supplementary Information Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan Schedule of Employer Contributions

June 30, 2022

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	D	Actuarially etermined contribution		Actual Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2013	\$	1,109,388	\$	1,109,388	\$	_	\$	1,087,486	102.01%
2014	Ψ	1,133,436	Ψ	1,133,436	Ψ	_	Ψ	964,678	117.49%
2015		1,213,709		1,213,709		_		894,050	135.75%
2016		1,288,242		1,288,242		_		903,385	142.60%
2017		1,493,316		1,493,316		-		908,930	164.29%
2018		1,579,716		1,579,716		-		862,154	183.23%
2019		84,960		84,960		-		918,970	9.25%
2020		83,100		83,100		-		743,002	11.18%
2021		83,100		83,100		-		98,486	84.38%
2022		269,796		269,796		-		284,946	94.68%

Notes: Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of December 31 each year, which is 18 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The actuarially determined contribution (ADC) included in this schedule is calculated as the normal cost payment plus the amortized portion of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Individual entry-age
Amortization method	Level percent
Remaining amortization period	20 years commencing July 1, 2013
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed value of assets
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.75%
Investment rate of return	7.35%
Retirement age	60
Mortality	RP-2014 Mortality Tables with a 50% male and 50% female blend

Required Supplementary Information

Fire Department Pension System

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios June 30, 2022

Fiscal year ended June 30,	2022			2021	2020	_	2019		2018		2017		2016	2015
Total Pension Liability														
Service cost	\$ 70,3	224	\$	134,478	\$ 111,926	\$	88,355	\$	97,314	\$	96,847	\$	96,847	\$ 60,620
Interest on the total pension liability	272,	198		282,003	334,401		312,024		290,044		278,140		466,697	431,009
Experience differences		-		(549,396)	-		-		-		-		-	-
Changes in assumptions	59,	379		(186,781)	-		-		-		-		-	-
Other changes		-		-	-		198,807		-		-		(205,835)	-
Benefit payments and refunds	(240,	525)		(215,618)	 (205,807)		(217,189)		(217,189)	_	(235,629)	_	(222,103)	 (184,899)
Net change in total pension liability	161,	576		(535,314)	240,520		381,997		170,169		139,358		135,606	306,730
Total pension liability - beginning	3,942,	<u> 365</u>	4	1,478,179	 4,237,659		3,855,662	3	3,685,493		3,546,135		3,410,529	 3,103,799
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 4,104,	141	\$ 3	3,942,865	\$ 4,478,179	\$	4,237,659	\$ 3	3,855,662	\$	3,685,493	\$	3,546,135	\$ 3,410,529
Plan Fiduciary Net Position														
Employer contributions	\$ 129,	710	\$	133,957	\$ 96,532	\$	90,217	\$	77,550	\$	73,000	\$	15,000	\$ 12,612
Pension plan net investment income (loss)	(560,	526)	1	1,049,747	151,082		211,856		304,735		413,814		(6,949)	71,847
Benefit payments and refunds	(240,	525)		(215,618)	(205,807)		(217,189)		(217,189)		(235,629)		(222,103)	(184,899)
Pension plan administrative expense	(60,	033)		(17,605)	 (45,921)	_	(48,228)		(39,140)		(56,311)			
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(731,	374)		950,481	(4,114)		36,656		125,956		194,874		(214,052)	(100,440)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	4,657,	183	3	3,706,702	 3,710,816		3,674,160	3	3,548,204		3,353,330		3,567,382	 3,667,822
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 3,925,	309	\$ 4	1,657,183	\$ 3,706,702	\$	3,710,816	\$ 3	3,674,160	\$	3,548,204	\$	3,353,330	\$ 3,567,382
Net pension liability (asset) (a-b)	\$ 178,	632	\$	(714,318)	\$ 771,477	\$	526,843	\$	181,502	\$	137,289	\$	192,805	\$ (156,853)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	95.6	5%		118.12%	82.77%		87.57%		95.29%		96.27%		94.56%	104.60%
Covered payroll	N/A			N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A			N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 and does not require retroactive implementation.

Data will be added as information is available until 10 years of such data is available. Contributions were not based on a measure of payroll, therefore per GASB Statement No. 85, covered payroll was not presented.

Required Supplementary Information Fire Department Pension System Schedule of Employer Contributions

June 30, 2022

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	De	ctuarially termined intribution		Actual ntribution	De	ntribution eficiency Excess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2013	\$	55,884	\$	60,000	\$	(4,116)	N/A	N/A
2014	•	11,529	•	11,529	•	-	N/A	N/A
2015		12,336		12,612		(276)	N/A	N/A
2016		15,000		15,000		-	N/A	N/A
2017		73,000		73,000		-	N/A	N/A
2018		77,550		77,550		-	N/A	N/A
2019		90,217		90,217		-	N/A	N/A
2020		96,532		96,532		-	N/A	N/A
2021		133,957		133,957		-	N/A	N/A
2022		129,710		129,710		-	N/A	N/A

Notes: Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of July 1 biannually, which is 12 or 24 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The actuarially determined contribution (ADC) included in this schedule is calculated as the normal cost payment plus the amortized portion of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Contributions were not based on a measure of payroll, therefore per GASB Statement No. 85, covered payroll was not presented.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Individual entry-age
Amortization method	Level-dollar open
Remaining amortization period	10 years
Asset valuation method	Market value
Inflation	2.50%
Investment rate of return	7.00%
Retirement age	55
Mortality	PublicS-2010 Tables

PublicS-2010 Tables with generational improvements using Scale MP-2019

City of Clawson Required Supplementary Information Fire Department Pension System Schedule of Investment Returns

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Annual Return % *
2015	Not available
2016	Not available
2017	Not available
2018	Not available
2019	Not available
2020	Not available
2021	28.70%
2022	28.70%

^{*} Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses
GASB Statement No. 67 was implemented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 and does not require retroactive implementation.
Data will be added as information is available until 10 years of such data is available.

Required Supplementary Information

Other Post Employment Benefits

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2022

Fiscal year ended June 30,	202	2	202		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB Liability									
Service cost	\$ 159	9,191	\$ 184	,208	\$ 178,8	43	\$ 175,2	38	\$ 171,832
Interest	304	4,094	386	,586	819,5	79	810,0	24	799,154
Differences between expected and actual experience		-	(1,863	,639)	-		-		-
Changes in assumptions	(3,17	4,162)	1,430	,207	-		-		-
Benefit payments	(56)	0,448)	(829	,847)	(768,3	77)	(749,2	(4ز	(769,341)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(3,27	1,325)	(692	,485)	230,0	45	236,0	38	201,645
Total OPEB liability - beginning	14,068	8,819	14,761	,304	14,531,2	59	14,295,2	<u>21</u>	14,093,576
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 10,79	7,494	\$ 14,068	,819	\$ 14,761,3	04	\$ 14,531,2	59	\$ 14,295,221
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	-	%	-	%	-	%	-	%	- %
Covered payroll	N/A	4	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A	A	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A

Note: GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 and does not require retroactive implementation.

Data will be added as information is available until 10 years of such data is available. Contributions were not based on a measure of payroll, therefore per GASB Statement No. 85, covered payroll was not presented.

Required Supplementary Information Other Post Employment Benefits Schedule of Employer Contributions June 30, 2022

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	ng Determined		Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2013	\$	985,720	\$ 479,311	\$ 506,409	N/A	N/A
2014		1,035,006	435,221	599,785	N/A	N/A
2015		1,886,756	411,132	1,475,624	N/A	N/A
2016		970,986	391,810	579,176	N/A	N/A
2017		1,009,825	522,725	487,100	N/A	N/A
2018		1,050,218	814,173	236,045	N/A	N/A
2019		1,082,227	760,504	321,723	N/A	N/A
2020		1,093,049	777,377	315,672	N/A	N/A
2021		N/A	833,847	N/A	N/A	N/A
2022		N/A	563,448	N/A	N/A	N/A

Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Valuation date: June 30, 2021

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age Inflation 2.50%

Healthcare cost trend rates 7.5% initial, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.5%

Salary increases 3.00% Investment rate of return 4.09%

Retirement age 50 to 60 years of age

Mortality Pub-2010 mortality tables, with generational improvements using Scale MP-2019

Other Supplementary Information Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

		Spe	cial	Revenue F	und	s		De	bt S	Service Funds	F	Capital Projects Funds			
		ocal Street Fund	Library Fund		Refuse Collection Fund		Pension Bond Debt Fund		C	Park nprovement G.O. Bonds Debt Fund	Sidewalk G.O. Bonds Debt Fund			Sidewalk Construction Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets	Φ	074 005	Φ	400 007	Ф	400 540	Φ.	45.000	Ф	20.770	Φ.	20.004	Φ.	000 050	Ф 4 C40 D07
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$	271,925	\$	432,337	\$	120,543	Þ	15,829	\$	36,779	\$	36,821	\$	699,653	\$ 1,613,887
Customers		1,500		-		1,050		-		-		-		-	2,550
Special assessments		-		-		76		-		-		-		-	76
Due from other units of government		55,877		-		-		-		-		-		-	55,877
Prepaid items		1,709	_	290			_	-	_		_		_	-	1,999
Total assets	\$	331,011	\$	432,627	\$	121,669	\$	15,829	\$	36,779	\$	36,821	\$	699,653	\$ 1,674,389

City of Clawson Other Supplementary Information

Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	Spec Local Street Fund	cial Revenue F Library Fund	unds Refuse Collection Fund	Debt Fund	Park Park Improvement G.O. Bonds Debt Fund	Sidewalk G.O. Bonds Debt Fund	Capital Projects Funds Sidewalk Construction Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ 7,032	\$ 8,328	\$ 88,021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,000	\$ 108,381
Accrued and other liabilities	1,268	4,179					-	5,447
Total liabilities	8,300	12,507	88,021				5,000	113,828
Fund Balances								
Non-spendable								
Prepaid items	1,709	290	-	-	-	-	-	1,999
Restricted for								
Streets	321,002	-	-	-	-	-	-	321,002
Library	-	419,830	-	-	-	-	-	419,830
Refuse collection	-	-	33,648	-	-	-	-	33,648
Debt service	-	-	-	15,829	36,779	36,821	-	89,429
Capital projects	-						694,653	694,653
Total fund balances	322,711	420,120	33,648	15,829	36,779	36,821	694,653	1,560,561
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 331,011	\$ 432,627	\$ 121,669	\$ 15,829	\$ 36,779	\$ 36,821	\$ 699,653	\$ 1,674,389

Other Supplementary Information

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

	Spe	ecial Revenue F	unds	D	ebt Service Fun	Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
	Local Street Fund	Local Street Fund Library Fund		Pension Bond Debt Fund	Park Improvement G.O. Bonds Debt Fund	Sidewalk G.O. Bonds Debt Fund		
Revenues								
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 471,692	\$ 1,053,010	\$ -	\$ 276,899	\$ 325,772	\$ -	\$ 2,127,373
Federal grants	-	2,797	-	-	-	-	-	2,797
State-shared revenue	376,734	-	-	-	-	-	-	376,734
Other state grants	40,356	41,930	23,393	-	6,182	4,472	-	116,333
Local contributions	-	5,263	-	-	-	-	-	5,263
Charges for services	-	3,182	15,581	-	-	-	-	18,763
Fines and forfeitures	-	1,696	-	-	-	-	-	1,696
Investment income	-	-	-	-	12	63	-	75
Other revenue		15						15
Total revenues	417,090	526,575	1,091,984		283,093	330,307		2,649,049

Other Supplementary Information

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

	Special Revenue Funds Refuse Local Street Collection						nsion Bond	lm G	Service Fund Park provement .O. Bonds	Project Sid Cons	ewalk	Total Nonmajor Governmental		
		Fund	Library Fund		Fund	Debt Fund		Debt Fund		<u>D</u>	ebt Fund	Fund		Funds
Expenditures Current														
Public works	\$	569,953	\$	-	\$ 1,067,278	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,637,231
Recreation and culture Capital outlay		-		438,462 -	-		-		-		-		237,024	438,462 237,024
Debt service													201,024	201,024
Principal retirement		-		-	-		635,000		160,000		260,000		-	1,055,000
Interest and fiscal charges		-	_			_	478,042		111,493		43,660			633,195
Total expenditures		569,953		438,462	1,067,278		1,113,042		271,493		303,660		237,024	4,000,912
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(152,863)		88,113	24,706	_(1,113,042)		11,600		26,647		(237,024)	(1,351,863)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out		180,000		- (55,802)	- -		1,116,042 -		- -		- -		- -	1,296,042 (55,802)
Total other financing sources and uses		180,000		(55,802)			1,116,042		-					1,240,240
Net change in fund balances		27,137		32,311	24,706		3,000		11,600		26,647		(237,024)	(111,623)
Fund balances - beginning of year		295,574		387,809	8,942		12,829		25,179		10,174		931,677	1,672,184
Fund balances - end of year	\$	322,711	\$	420,120	\$ 33,648	\$	15,829	\$	36,779	\$	36,821	\$	694,653	\$ 1,560,561